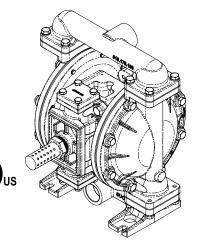
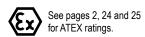
# **SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL Original Instructions**









### **Model U1F Metallic Design Level 1**

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### **Safety Information**

### **A** IMPORTANT



Read the safety warnings and instructions in this manual before pump installation and start-up. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual could damage the pump and void factory warranty.



When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. In freezing temperatures the pump should be completely drained between uses.

### **A** CAUTION



Before pump operation, inspect all fasteners for loosening caused by gasket creep. Retighten loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.



#### <u>WARNING</u>

Pump not designed, tested or certified to be powered by compressed natural gas. Powering the pump with natural gas will void the warranty.



#### **WARNING**

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

### **A** WARNING



When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn at all times. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear eye and ear protection.



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product that is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe containment.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers and other miscellaneous equipment must be properly grounded.



This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Make certain that all fasteners are in good condition and are reinstalled properly during reassembly.



Use safe practices when lifting

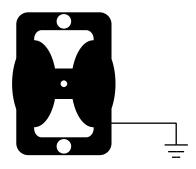


Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., an Internationally recognized independent organization for testing products to ensure public safety.

### Recycling

Many components of SANDPIPER® Conductive Acetal AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials (see chart on page 10 for material specifications). We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed.

### **Grounding ATEX Pumps**



ATEX compliant pumps are suitable for use in explosive atmospheres when the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes. Pumps equipped with electrically conductive diaphragms are suitable for the transfer of conductive or non-conductive fluids of any explosion group. When operating pumps equipped with non-conductive diaphragms that exceed the maximum permissible projected area, as defined in EN 13461-1: 2009 section 6.7.5 table 9, the following protection methods must be applied:

- Equipment is always used to transfer electrically conductive fluids or
- · Explosive environment is prevented from entering the internal portions of the pump, i.e. dry running

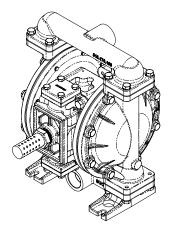
For further guidance on ATEX applications, please consult the factory.

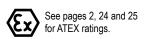


Quality System ISO 9001 Certified

Environmental Management System ISO 14001 Certified







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# U1F Metallic

Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump

ENGINEERING, PERFORMANCE & CONSTRUCTION DATA

INTAKE/DISCHARGE PIPE SIZE 1" NPT(internal) 1" BSPT Tapered (internal)	CAPACITY 0 to 45 gallons per minute (0 to 170 liters per minute)	AIR VALVE No-lube, no-stall design	SOLIDS-HANDLING Up to .25 in. (6mm)		HEADS UP TO 100 psi or 230.7 ft. of water (7 Kg/cm² or 70 meters)	DISPLACEMENT/STROKE .11 Gallon / .42 liter
CAUTION! Operation	materials can be operated. Temp	ntures are the limits for which these eratures coupled with pressure affect the inponents. Maximum life should not be the temperature ranges.				
Materials					Operatino Maximum	g Temperatures Minimum
	istant. Shows good solvent, oil, w , ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C			
	stant to vegetable oils. Generally i strong oxidizing acids, ketones, e	200°F 93°C	-10°F -23°C			
PTFE Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to react chemically with PTFE: molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.						-35°F -37°C
Polypropylene: A thermoplasti fuming nitric acid and other stro	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C				
<b>UHMW PE</b> : A thermoplastic polymer that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.  180°F -35°F -37°C						

For specific applications, always consult Warren Rupp's "Chemical Resistance Chart"

SANDPIPER® pumps are designed to be powered only by compressed air.

### **Explanation of Pump Nomenclature**

### U1F UL79 Listed Metallic · Design Level 1 · Ball Valve

MODEL	Pump Brand	Pump Size	Check Valve Type	Design Level	Wetted Material	Diaphragm/ Check Valve Materials	Check Valve Seat	Non-Wetted Material Options	Porting Options	Pump Style	Pump Options	Kit Options	Shipping Weight Ibs. (kg)
U1F B1XBTXNS600.	U	1F	В	1	Х	В	Т	Х	N	S	6	00.	53 (24)
U1F B1XGTXNS600.	U	1F	В	1	Х	G	Т	Х	N	S	6	00.	53 (24)
U1F B1XGAXNS600.	U	1F	В	1	Х	G	Α	Х	N	S	6	00.	53 (24)
U1FB1CBTCNS600.	U	1F	В	1	С	В	Т	С	N	S	6	00.	53 (24)
U1FB1CGTCNS600.	U	1F	В	1	С	G	Т	С	N	S	6	00.	53 (24)
U1F B1XBTXSS600.	U	1F	В	1	X	В	Т	Х	S	S	6	00.	53 (24)
U1F B1XGTXSS600.	U	1F	В	1	X	G	Т	X	S	S	6	00.	53 (24)

Pump Brand
U=UL79 Listed SANDPIPER®

Pump Size 1F=1"

Check Valve Type B=Ball

Design Level
1= Design Level

Wetted Material

G= PTFE-Neoprene/PTFE

X= Unpainted Aluminum
C= Conductive Painted Aluminum

**Diaphragm Check Valve Materials** B= Nitrile/Nitrile

Check Valve Seat A= Aluminum T= PTFE

Non-Wetted Material Options
X= Unpainted Aluminum
C= Conductive Painted Aluminum

Porting Options
N=NPT Threads
B=BSPT (Tapered) Threads
S=NPT Suction Port Facing Air
Inlet, NPT Discharge Port
Facing Air Exhaust

Pump Style S=Standard Pump Options 6= Metal Muffler

Model U1FB1XBTXNS600 is UL79 listed for pumping: Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, No. 4 Fuel Oils (or lighter), Motor Oil, Kerosene, Aviation Fuel and Water

Model U1FB1XGTXNS600 and U1FB1XGAXNS600 are UL79 listed for pumping: Gasoline (Including Alcohol Blends up to 15%), Diesel Fuel, Motor Oil, No. 4 Oil (or lighter), Kerosene, Aviation Fuel, Automatic Transmission Fluid, Water, Waste Oil, and Ethylene Glycol.



NOTE: See page 25 for ATEX Explanation of Type Examination Certificate

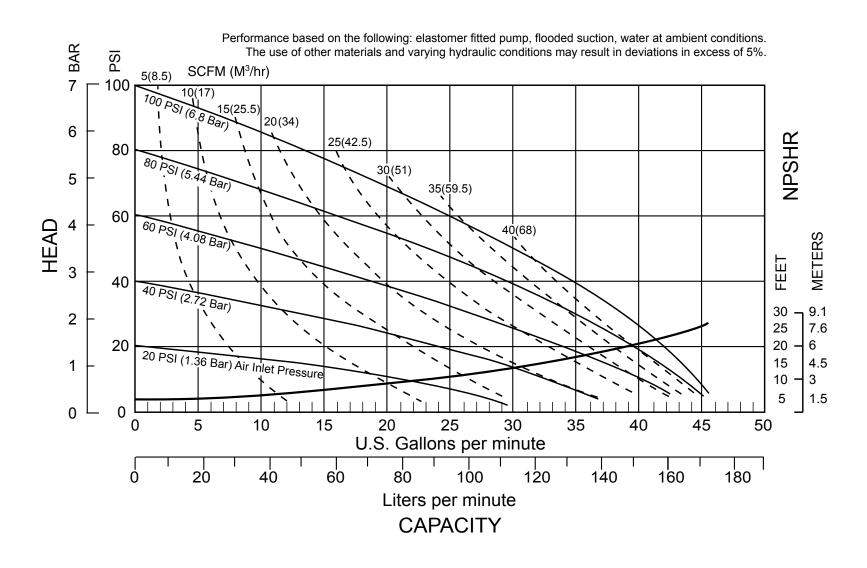


### **A** WARNING

In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If

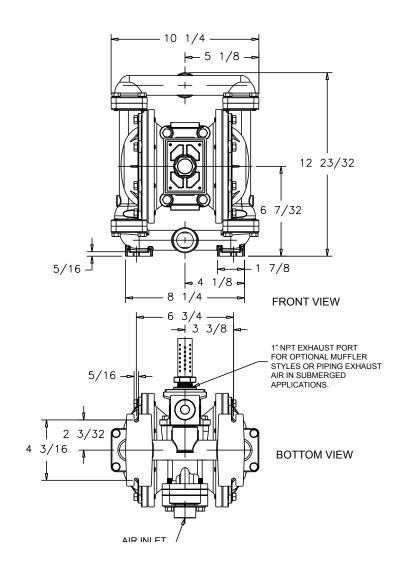
pumping a product which is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposition.

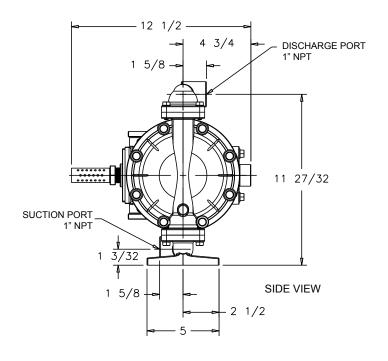
### Performance Curve, U1F UL79 Listed Metallic Design Level 1



### **Dimensions: U1F UL79 LISTED Metallic**

Dimensions in Inches
Dimensional Tolerance:±1/8"



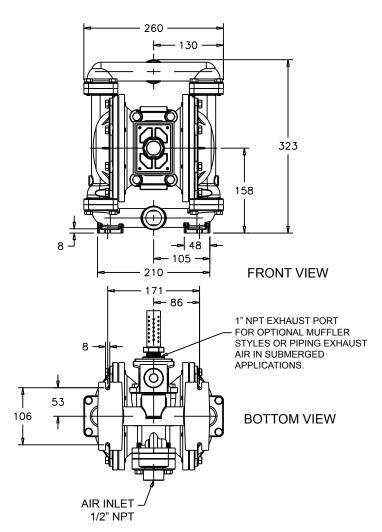


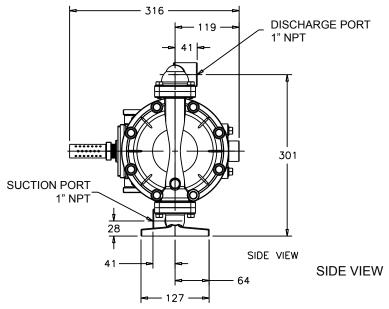
WITH 530-033-000 MUFFLER

BOTH SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PORTS ARE AVAILABLE WITH 1" BSPT TAPERED THREADS

### **Metric Dimensions: U1F UL79 Listed Metallic**

Dimensions in Millimeters
Dimensional Tolerance:± 3mm





WITH 530-033-000 MUFFLER

BOTH SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PORTS ARE AVAILABLE WITH 1" BSPT TAPERED THREADS

#### PRINCIPLE OF PUMP OPERATION

This ball type check valve pump is powered by compressed air and is a 1:1 ratio design. The inner side of one diaphragm chamber is alternately pressurized while simultaneously exhausting the other inner chamber. This causes the diaphragms, which are connected by a common rod secured by plates to the centers of the diaphragms, to move in a reciprocating action. (As one diaphragm performs the discharge stroke the other diaphragm is pulled to perform the suction stroke in the opposite chamber.) Air pressure is applied over the entire inner surface of the diaphragm while liquid is discharged from the opposite side of the diaphragm. The diaphragm operates in a balanced condition during the discharge stroke which allows the pump to be operated at discharge heads over 200 feet (61 meters) of water.

For maximum diaphragm life, keep the pump as close to the liquid being pumped as possible. Positive suction head in excess of 10 feet of liquid (3.048 meters) may require a back pressure regulating device to maximize diaphragm life.

Alternate pressurizing and exhausting of the diaphragm chamber is performed by an externally mounted, pilot operated, four way spool type air distribution valve. When the spool shifts to one end of the valve body, inlet pressure is applied to one diaphragm chamber and the other diaphragm chamber exhausts. When the spool shifts to the opposite end of the valve body, the pressure to the chambers is

reversed. The air distribution valve spool is moved by a internal pilot valve which alternately pressurizes one end of the air distribution valve spool while exhausting the other end. The pilot valve is shifted at each end of the diaphragm stroke when a actuator plunger is contacted by the diaphragm plate. This actuator plunger then pushes the end of the pilot valve spool into position to activate the air distribution valve.

The chambers are connected with manifolds with a suction and discharge check valve for each chamber, maintaining flow in one direction through the pump.

#### **INSTALLATION AND START-UP**

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

For installations of rigid piping, short sections of flexible conductive hose should be installed between the pump and the piping. The flexible conductive hose reduces vibration and strain to the pumping system. A surge suppressor is recommended to further reduce pulsation in flow.

#### **AIR SUPPLY**

Air supply pressure cannot exceed 100 psi (7 bar). Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply of sufficient capacity and pressure required for desired performance. When the air supply line is solid piping, use a short length of flexible conductive hose not less than 1/2" (13mm) in diameter between

the pump and the piping to reduce strain to the piping. The weight of the air supply line, regulators and filters must be supported by some means other than the air inlet cap. Failure to provide support for the piping may result in damage to the pump. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

#### AIR VALVE LUBRICATION

The air distribution valve and the pilot valve are designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the preferred mode of operation. There may be instances of personal preference or poor quality air supplies when lubrication of the compressed air supply is required. The pump air system will operate with properly lubricated compressed air supply. Proper lubrication requires the use of an air line lubricator (available from Warren Rupp) set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 nondetergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes at the point of operation. Consult the pump's published Performance Curve to determine this.

#### **AIR LINE MOISTURE**

Water in the compressed air supply can create problems such as icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer to supplement the user's air drying equipment. This device removes water from the compressed air supply

and alleviates the icing or freezing problems.

#### AIR INLET AND PRIMING

To start the pump, open the air valve approximately 1/2" to 3/4" turn. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.

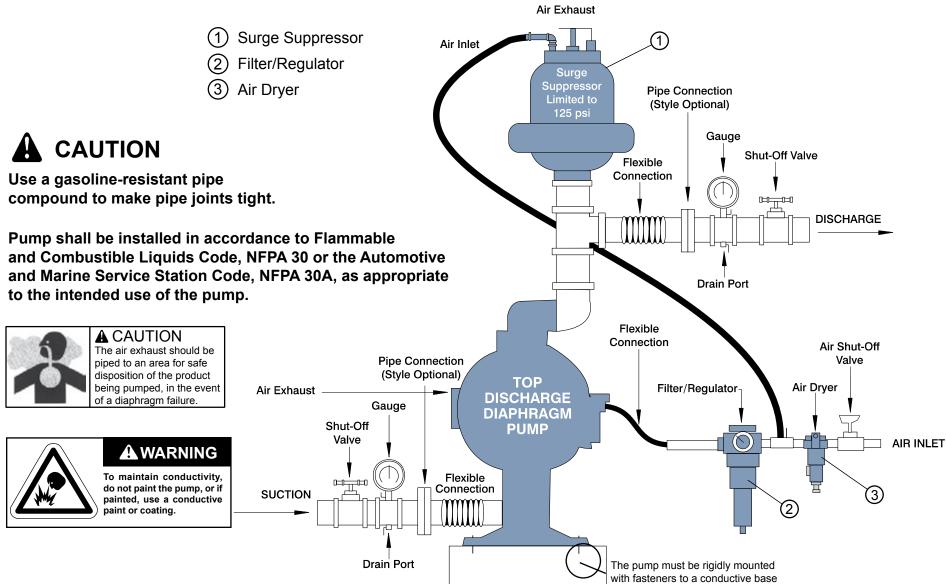
#### **BETWEEN USES**

When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify when not in motion, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. (Product remaining in the pump between uses could dry out or settle out. This could cause problems with the diaphragms and check valves at restart.) In freezing temperatures the pump must be completely drained between uses in all cases.



### **INSTALLATION GUIDE**

### **Top Discharge Ball Valve Pump**



or natural ground.

### TROUBLESHOOTING Possible Symptoms:

- Pump will not cycle.
- Pump cycles, but produces no flow.
- Pump cycles, but flow rate is unsatisfactory.
- Pump cycle seems unbalanced.
- Pump cycle seems to produce excessive vibration.

<u>What to Check:</u> Excessive suction lift in system.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> For lifts exceeding 20 feet (6 meters), filling the pumping chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.

<u>What to Check:</u> Excessive flooded suction in system.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> For flooded conditions exceeding 10 feet (3 meters) of liquid, install a back pressure device.

<u>What to Check:</u> System head exceeds air supply pressure.

Corrective Action: Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Most diaphragm pumps are designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow.

<u>What to Check:</u> Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system head.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Decrease inlet air pressure and volume to the pump as calculated on the published PERFORMANCE CURVE. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.

What to Check: Undersized suction line.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Meet or exceed pump connection recommendations shown on the DIMENSIONAL DRAWING.

What to Check: Restricted or undersized air line.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Install a larger air line and connection. Refer to air inlet recommendations shown in your pump's SERVICE MANUAL.

<u>What to Check:</u> Check ESADS, the Externally Serviceable Air Distribution System of the pump.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Disassemble and inspect the main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators. Refer to the parts drawing and air valve section of the SERVICE MANUAL. Check for clogged discharge or closed valve before reassembly.

What to Check: Rigid pipe connections to pump.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Install flexible connectors and a surge suppressor.

What to Check: Blocked air exhaust muffler.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice and reinstall. Refer to the Air Exhaust section of your pump SERVICE MANUAL.

What to Check: Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.

Corrective Action: Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly. Refer to the Diaphragm Replacement section of your pump SERVICE MANUAL.

<u>What to Check:</u> Suction side air leakage or air in product.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Visually inspect all suction side gaskets and pipe connections.

What to Check: Obstructed check valve.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Refer to the Check Valve section of the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Worn or misaligned check valve or check valve seat.

Corrective Action: Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper seating. Replace if necessary. Refer to Check Valve section of the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Blocked suction line. Corrective Action: Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens and strainers.

What to Check: Blocked discharge line.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Check for obstruction or closed discharge line valves.

What to Check: Blocked pumping chamber.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Disassemble and inspect the wetted chambers of the pump. Remove or flush any obstructions. Refer to the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Entrained air or vapor lock in one or both pumping chambers. Corrective Action: Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. PURGING THE CHAMBERS OF AIR CAN BE DANGEROUS! Contact the Warren Rupp Technical Services Department before performing this procedure. Any model with top-ported discharge will reduce or eliminate problems with entrained air.

If your pump continues to perform below your expectations, contact your local Warren Rupp Distributor or factory Technical Services Group for a service evaluation.

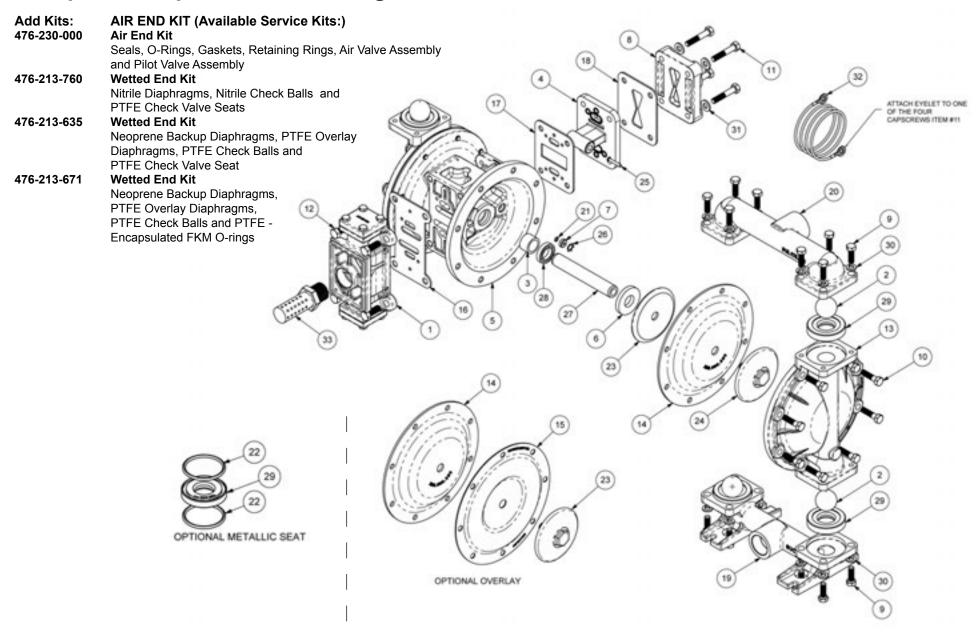
#### WARRANTY

Refer to the enclosed Warren Rupp Warranty Certificate.

# MATERIAL CODES THE LAST 3 DIGITS OF PART NUMBER

000	Assembly, sub-assembly;	306	Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated	374	Carboxylated Nitrile	607	Envelon
	and some purchased items	307	Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated	375	Fluorinated Nitrile	608	Conductive PTFE
010	Cast Iron	308	Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated	378	High Density Polypropylene	610	PTFE Encapsulated Silicon
012	Powered Metal	309	Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated	379	Conductive Nitrile	611	PTFE Encapsulated FKM
015	Ductile Iron	310	PVDF Coated	405	Cellulose Fibre	632	Neoprene/Hytrel
020	Ferritic Malleable Iron	313	Aluminum, White Epoxy Coated	408	Cork and Neoprene	633	FKM/PTFE
025	Music Wire	330	Zinc Plated Steel	425	Compressed Fibre	634	EPDM/PTFE
080	Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112	331	Chrome Plated Steel	426	Blue Gard	635	Neoprene/PTFE
100	Alloy 20	332	Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated	440	Vegetable Fibre	637	PTFE, FKM/PTFE
110	Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel	333	Carbon Steel, Electroless	465	Fibre	638	PTFE, Hytrel/PTFE
111	Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel		Nickel Plated	500	Delrin 500	639	Nitrile/TFE
	(Electro Polished)	335	Galvanized Steel	501	Delrin 570	643	Santoprene®/EPDM
112	Alloy C	336	Zinc Plated Yellow Brass	502	Conductive Acetal, ESD-800	644	Santoprene®/PTFE
113	Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel	337	Silver Plated Steel	502	Conductive Acetal, Class-Filled	656	Santoprene Diaphragm and
110	(Hand Polished)	340	Nickel Plated	505	Acrylic Resin Plastic	000	Check Balls/EPDM Seats
114	303 Stainless Steel	342	Filled Nylon	506	Delrin 150	661	EPDM/Santoprene
115	302/304 Stainless Steel	351	Food Grade Santoprene	520	Injection Molded PVDF	666	FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,
117	440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)	353	Geolast; Color: Black	320	Natural color	000	PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals
120	416 Stainless Steel	354	Injection Molded #203-40	540	Nylon	668	PTFE, FDA Santoprene/PTFE
120	(Wrought Martensitic)	001	Santoprene- Duro 40D +/-5;	540 541	Nylon	000	THE, I BY Gamoprener The
123	410 Stainless Steel		Color: RED	541	Nylon		
120	(Wrought Martensitic)	355	Thermal Plastic	542 544	Nylon Injection Molded		and Hytrel are registered
148	Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum	356	Hytrel	550	Polyethylene	trader	names of E.I. DuPont.
149	2024-T4 Aluminum	357	Injection Molded Polyurethane	550 551	Glass Filled Polypropylene	Gylon	is a registered tradename
150	6061-T6 Aluminum	358	Urethane Rubber		3	•	lock, Inc.
151	6063-T6 Aluminum	000	(Some Applications)	552 553	Unfilled Polypropylene	Nylatr	on is a registered tradename
152	2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)		(Compression Mold)		Unfilled Polypropylene		ymer Corp.
154	Almag 35 Aluminum	359	Urethane Rubber	555	Polyvinyl Chloride		
155	356-T6 Aluminum	360	Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED	556	Black Vinyl		prene is a registered tradename
156	356-T6 Aluminum	361	Nitrile Number Color Coded: NED	558 570	Conductive HDPE Rulon II	of Ex	kon Mobil Corp.
157	Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380	363	FKM (Fluorocarbon).			Rulon	II is a registered tradename
158	Aluminum Alloy SR-319	303	Color coded: YELLOW	580	Ryton	of Dix	ion Industries Corp.
159	Anodized Aluminum	364	E.P.D.M. Rubber.	590 501	Valox	Ryton	is a registered tradename
162	Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock	304	Color coded: BLUE	591	Nylatron G-S		llips Chemical Co.
165	Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5	365	Neoprene Rubber.	592	Nylatron NSB	Valov	is a registered tradename
166	Bronze, SAE 660	303	Color coded: GREEN	600	PTFE (virgin material)		neral Electric Co.
170	Bronze, Bearing Type,	366	Food Grade Nitrile	004	Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)		
170		368	Food Grade EPDM	601	PTFE (Bronze and moly filled)		Pump, Tranquilizer and
175	Oil Impregnated Die Cast Zinc	370	Butyl Rubber	602	Filled PTFE		eMaster are registered tradenames
175 180		3/0	Color coded: BROWN	603	Blue Gylon	oi wa	rren Rupp, Inc.
	Copper Alloy	271		604	PTFE		
305	Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated	371	Philthane (Tuftane)	606	PTFE		

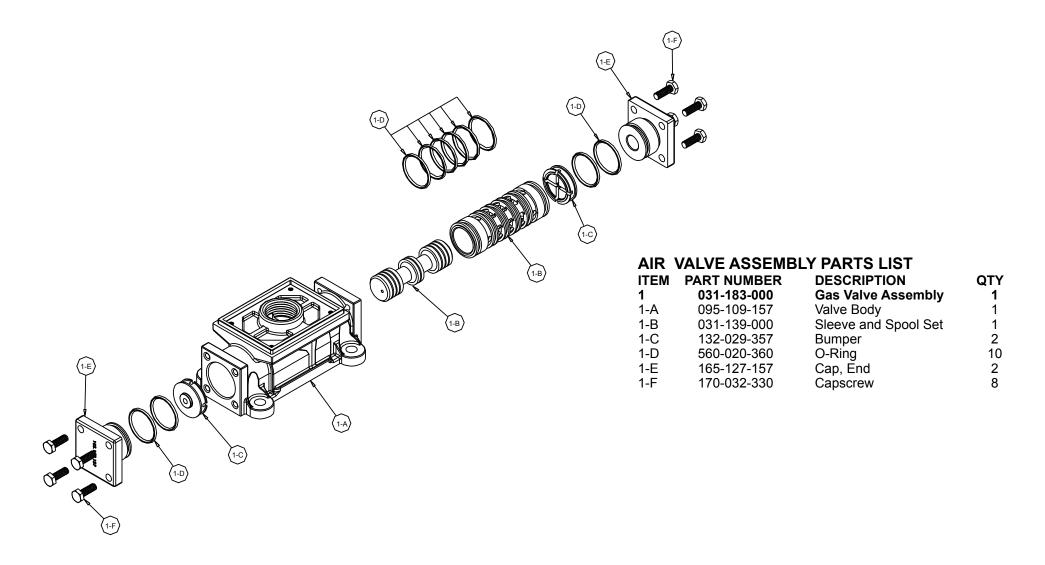
### **Composite Repair Parts Drawing**



### **Composite Repair Parts List**

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY	ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	031-183-000	Air Valve Assembly	1	17	360-103-360	Gasket, Pilot Valve	1
2	050-028-760	Ball, Check	4	18	360-104-379	Gasket, Air Inlet	1
	050-028-600	Ball, Check	4	19	518-175-156	Manifold, Suction	1
3	070-012-170	Bushing	2		518-175-156E	Manifold, Suction 1" BSP Tapered	1
4	095-110-000	Pilot Valve Assembly	1	20	518-176-156	Manifold, Discharge	1
5	114-025-157	Intermediate	1		518-176-156E	Manifold, Discharge 1" BSP Tapered	1
6	132-019-360	Bumper	2	21	560-001-379	O-Ring	2
7	135-036-506	Bushing	2	22	560-091-611	O-Ring (used with seat #722.098.150)	8
8	165-120-157	Cap, Air Inlet Assembly	1	23	612-022-330	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	2
9	170-044-330	Capscrew, Hex Hd 5/16-18 X 1.00	16	24	612-108-157	Plate, Outer Diaphragm Assembly	2
10	170-045-330	Capscrew, Hex Hd 5/16-18 X 1.25	16	25	620-022-115	Pin, Actuator	2
11	170-069-330	Capscrew, Hex Hd 5/16-18 X 1.75	4	26	675-042-115	Ring, Retaining	2
12	170-006-330	Capscrew, Hex Hd 3/8-16 X 1.00	4	27	685-060-120	Rod, Diaphragm	1
13	196-173-156	Chamber, Outer	2	28	720-010-375	Seal, U-Cup	2
14	286-008-760	Diaphragm	2	29	722-098-600	Seat, Check Ball	4
17	286-008-365	Diaphragm	2	20	722.098.150	Seat, Check Ball	4
15		. •	2	30	900-004-330	Lockwasher	16
15 16	286-015-604	Diaphragm, Overlay	2	31	901-038-330	Flatwasher	4
16	360-093-360	Gasket, Air Valve	1	32	920-025-000	Ground Strap	1
				33	530-033-000	Metal Muffler	1

### **Air Valve Assembly Drawing, Parts List**



### AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE SERVICING

To service the air valve first shut off the compressed air, bleed pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

**STEP #1:** See COMPOSITE REPAIR PARTS DRAWING.

Using a 9/16" wrench or socket, remove the four hex head capscrews (item 10). Remove the air valve assembly from the pump.

Remove and inspect gasket (item 16) for cracks or damage. Replace gasket if needed.

**STEP #2:** Disassembly of the air valve.

Using a 7/16" wrench or socket, remove the eight hex caprscrews (item 1-F) that fasten the end caps to the valve body.

Next remove the two end caps (items 1-E). Inspect two o-rings (items 1-D) on each end cap for damage or wear. Replace the o-rings as needed.

Remove the bumpers (items 1-C). Inspect the bumpers for damage or wear.

Remove the spool (part of item 1-A) from the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the outer diameter of the spool. Wipe spool with a soft cloth and inspect for scratches or wear.

Inspect the inner diameter of the sleeve (part of item 1-A) for dirt, scratches, or other contaminants. Remove the sleeve if needed and replace with a new sleeve and spool set (item 1-A).

**STEP #3:** Reassembly of the air valve.

Install one bumper (item 1-C) and one end cap (item 1-E) with two o-rings (item 1-D) and fasten with four hex capscrews (items (1-F) to the valve body (items 1-A).

Remove the new sleeve an spool set (item 1-A) from the plastic bag. Carefully remove the spool from the sleeve. Install the six o-rings (item 1-G) into the six grooves on the sleeve. Apply a light coating of grease to the o-rings before installing the sleeve into the valve body (item 1-B), align the slots in the sleeve with the slots in the valve body. Insert the spool into the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the spool during installation. Push the spool in until it touches the bumper on the opposite end.

Install the remaining bumper, end cap (with o-rings), and fasten with the remaining hex capscrews.

Fasten the air valve assembly (item 1) and gasket (item 16) to the pump.

Connect the compressed air line to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.



### **A** IMPORTANT

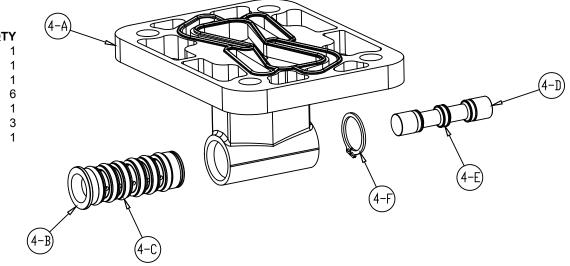
Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain

this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

### Pilot Valve Servicing, Assembly Drawing & Parts List

#### PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
4	095-110-000	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
4-A	095-095-157	Valve Body	1
4-B	755-052-000	Sleeve (With O-rings)	1
4-C	560-033-360	O-ring (Sleeve)	6
4-D	775-055-000	Spool (With O-rings)	1
4-E	560-023-360	O-ring (Spool)	3
4-F	675-037-080	Retaining Ring	1



#### PILOT VALVE SERVICING

To service the pilot valve first shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

**STEP #1:** See pump assembly drawing.

Using a 1/2" wrench or socket, remove the four capscrews (item 12). Remove the air inlet cap (item 8) and air inlet gasket (item 18). The pilot valve assembly (item 4) can now be removed for inspection and service.

**STEP #2:** Disassembly of the pilot valve.

Remove the pilot valve spool (item 4-D). Wipe clean and inspect spool and o-rings for dirt, cuts or wear. Replace the o-rings and spool if necessary.

Remove the retaining ring (item 4-F) from the end of the sleeve (item 4-B) and remove the sleeve from the valve body (item 4-A). Wipe clean and inspect sleeve and o-rings for dirt, cuts or wear. Replace the o-rings and sleeve if necessary.

**STEP #3:** Re-assembly of the pilot valve.

Generously lubricate outside diameter of the sleeve and o-rings. Then carefully insert sleeve into valve body. Take CAUTION when inserting sleeve, not to shear any o-rings. Install retaining ring to sleeve. Generously lubricate outside diameter of spool and o-rings. Then carefully insert spool into sleeve. Take CAUTION when inserting spool, not to shear any o-rings. Use BP-LS-EP-2 multipurpose grease, or equivalent.

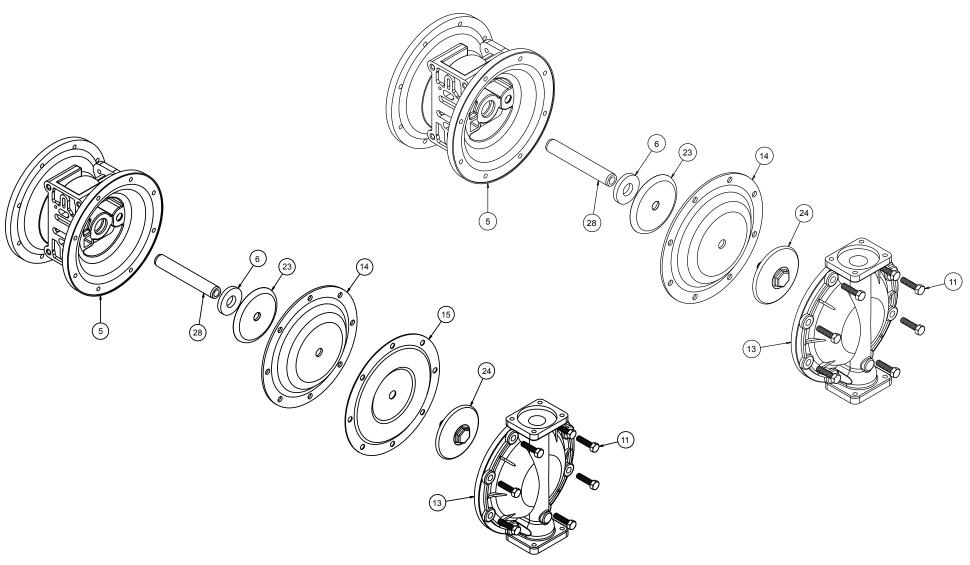
**STEP #4:** Re-install the pilot valve assembly into the intermediate.

Be careful to align the ends of the pilot valve stem between the plunger pins when inserting the pilot valve into the cavity of the intermediate.

Re-install the gasket, air inlet cap and capscrews. Connect the air supply to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.

# Diaphragm Service Drawing, with Overlay

# **Diaphragm Service Drawing, Non-Overlay**



#### DIAPHRAGM SERVICING

To service the diaphragms first shut off the suction, then shut off the discharge lines to the pump. Shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining liquid from the pump.

**Step #1:** See the pump assembly drawing and the diaphragm servicing illustration.

Using a 1/2" wrench or socket, remove the 16 capscrews (item 9) that fasten the manifolds (items 19 & 20) to the outer chambers (item 13).

**Step #2:** Removing outer chambers.

Using a 1/2" wrench or socket, remove the 16 capscrews (item 11), that fasten the outer chambers (item 13), diaphragms (item 14) and intermediate (item 5) together.

**Step #3:** Removing the diaphragms and diaphragm plates.

Use a 7/8" wrench or six point socket to remove the outer diaphragm plate assemblies (item 24), diaphragms (item 14) and inner diaphragm plates (item 23) from the diaphragm rod (item 28) by turning counterclockwise. Inspect the diaphragm for cuts, punctures, abrasive wear or chemical attack. Replace the diaphragms if necessary. DO NOT USE A WRENCH ON THE DIAPHRAGM ROD. FLAWS ON THE SURFACE MAY DAMAGE BEARINGS AND SEALS.

**Step #4:** Assembling the diaphragm and diaphragm plates to the diaphragm rod.

Push the threaded stud of one outer diaphragm plate assembly through the center of one diaphragm and through one inner diaphragm plate. Install the diaphragm with the natural bulge facing away from the diaphragm rod and make sure the radius on the inner diaphragm plate is towards the diaphragm, as indicated on the diaphragm servicing illustration. Thread the assembly onto the diaphragm rod, leaving loose.

**Step #5:** Installing the diaphragm and rod assembly to the pump.

Make sure the bumper (item 6) is installed over the diaphragm rod. Insert rod into pump.

On the opposite side of the pump, pull the diaphragm rod out as far as possible. Make sure the second bumper is installed over the diaphragm rod.

Push the threaded stud of the other outer diaphragm plate assembly through the center of the other diaphragm and through the other inner diaphragm plate. Make sure the radius on the inner diaphragm plate is towards the diaphragm. Thread the assembly onto the diaphragm rod. Use a 7/8" wrench or socket to hold one outer diaphragm plate. Then, use a torque wrench to tighten the other outer diaphragm plate to the diaphragm rod to 350 in. lbs. (39.5 Newton meters).

Align one diaphragm with the intermediate and install the outer chamber to the pump using the 8 capscrews. Tighten the opposite diaphragm plate until the holes in the diaphragm align with the holes in the intermediate. Then, install the other outer chamber using the 8 capscrews.

**Step #6:** Reinstall the manifolds to the pump using the 16 capscrews.

The pump is now ready to be reinstalled, connected and returned to operation.

#### **OVERLAY DIAPHRAGM SERVICING**

The overlay diaphragm (item 15) is designed to fit over the exterior of the standard diaphragm (item 14).

Follow the same procedures described for the standard diaphragm for removal and installation, except tighten the outer diaphragm plate assembly, diaphragms and inner diaphragm plate to the diaphragm rod to 350 in. lbs. (39.5 Newton meters).



### **A** IMPORTANT

Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain

this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

#### **ACTUATOR PLUNGER SERVICING**

To service the actuator plunger first shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

**Step #1:** See PUMP ASSEMBLY DRAWING.

Using a 1/2" wrench or socket, remove the four capscrews (items 11). Remove the air inlet cap (item 8) and air inlet gasket (item 18). The pilot valve assembly (item 4) can now be removed.

**Step #2:** Inspect the actuator plungers.

See ILLUSTRATION AT RIGHT.

The actuator plungers (items 25) can be reached through the pilot valve cavity in the intermediate assembly (item 5).

Remove the plungers (item 25) from the bushings (item 7) in each end of the cavity. Inspect the installed o-ring (items 22) for cuts and/or wear. Replace the o-rings if necessary. Apply a light coating of grease to each o-ring and re-install the plungers in to the bushings. Push the plungers in as far as they will go.

To remove the bushings (item 7), first remove the retaining rings (item 26) by using a flat screwdriver. **NOTE**: It is recommended that new retaining rings be installed.

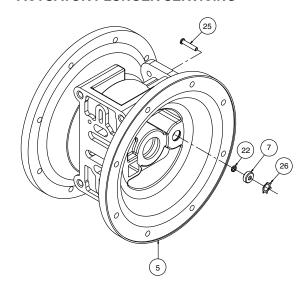
**Step #3:** Re-install the pilot valve assembly into the intermediate assembly.

Be careful to align the ends of the stem between the plungers when inserting the stem of the pilot valve into the cavity of the intermediate.

Re-install the gasket (item 18), air inlet cap (item 8) and capscrews (item 11).

Connect the air supply to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.

#### **ACTUATOR PLUNGER SERVICING**





### **A IMPORTANT**

Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain

this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

#### **CHECK VALVE SERVICING**

Before servicing the check valve components, first shut off the suction line and then the discharge line to the pump. Next, shut off the compressed air supply, bleed air pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining fluid from the pump. The pump can now be removed for service.

To access the check valve components, remove the manifold (item 20 or item 19 not shown). Use a 1/2" wrench or socket to remove the fasteners. Once the manifold is removed, the check valve components can be seen.

Inspect the check balls (items 2) for wear, abrasion, or cuts on the spherical surface. The check valve seats (item 30) should be inspected for cuts, abrasive wear, or embedded material on the surfaces of both the external and internal chambers. The spherical surface of the check balls must seat flush to the surface of the check valve seats for the pump to operate to peak efficiency. Replace any worn or damaged parts as necessary.

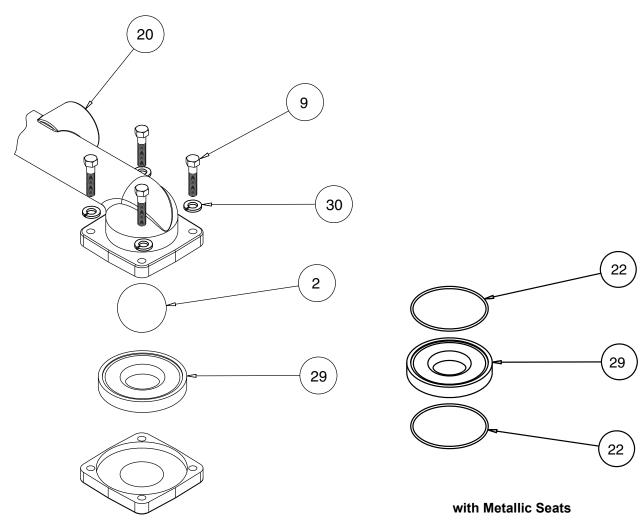
Re-assemble the check valve components. The seat should fit into the counter bore of the outer chamber.

The pump can now be reassembled, reconnected and returned to operation.

#### **METALLIC SEATS**

Two o-rings (item 22) are required for each metallic seats.

### **Check Valve Drawing**



with Non-Metallic

Seats

#### **PUMPING HAZARDOUS LIQUIDS**

When a diaphragm fails, the pumped liquid or fumes enter the air end of the pump. Fumes are exhausted into the surrounding environment. When pumping hazardous or toxic materials, the exhaust air must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposal. See illustration #1 at right.

This pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. See illustration #2 at right. Piping used for the air exhaust must not be smaller than 1" (2.54 cm) diameter. Reducing the pipe size will restrict air flow and reduce pump performance. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills. See illustration #3 at right.

### CONVERTING THE PUMP FOR PIPING THE EXHAUST AIR

The following steps are necessary to convert the pump to pipe the exhaust air away from the pump.

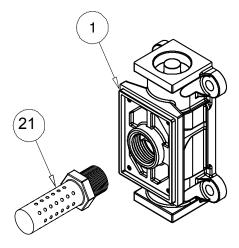
Remove the muffler (item 21). The air distribution valve (item 1) has 1" NPT threads for piped exhaust.

#### IMPORTANT INSTALLATION

**NOTE:** The manufacturer recommends installing a flexible conductive hose or connection between the pump and any rigid plumbing. This reduces stresses on the molded threads of the air exhaust port. Failure to do so may result in damage to the air distribution valve body.

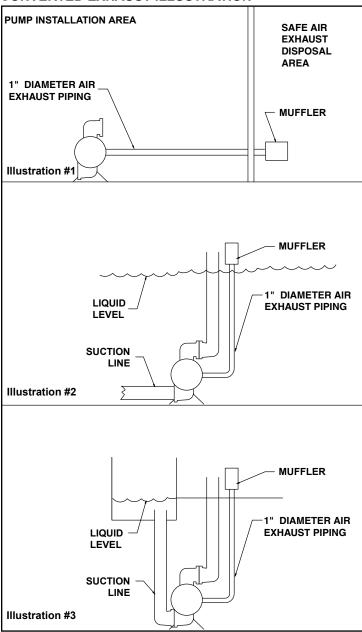
Any piping or hose connected to the pump's air exhaust port must be conductive and physically supported. Failure to support these connections could also result in damage to the air distribution valve body.

Air Valve Assembly



The pump comes equipped with a standard metal muffler

#### CONVERTED EXHAUST ILLUSTRATION



### 5 - YEAR Limited Product Warranty

Warren Rupp, Inc. ("Warren Rupp") warrants to the original end-use purchaser that no product sold by Warren Rupp that bears a Warren Rupp brand shall fail under normal use and service due to a defect in material or workmanship within five years from the date of shipment from Warren Rupp's factory. Warren Rupp brands include Warren Rupp®,SANDPIPER®, SANDPIPER Signature Series™, MARATHON®, Porta-Pump®, SludgeMaster™ and Tranquilizer®.

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials).

Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

~ See sandpiperpump.com/content/warranty-certifications for complete warranty, including terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions. ~

### WARREN RUPP, INC.

# **Declaration of Conformity**

Manufacturer: Warren Rupp, Inc., 800 N. Main Street Mansfield, Ohio, 44902 USA

Certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump Series: HDB, HDF, M Non-Metallic, S Non-Metallic, M Metallic, S Metallic, T Series, G Series, U Series, EH and SH High Pressure, RS Series, W Series, SMA and SPA Submersibles, and Tranquilizer® Surge Suppressors comply with the European Community Directive 2006/42/EC on Machinery, according to Annex VIII. This product has used Harmonized Standard EN809:1998+A1:2009, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids - Common Safety Requirements, to verify conformance.

Signature of authorized person

--9-----

David Roseberry

Authorised Representative: IDEX Pump Technologies R79 Shannon Industrial Estate, Shannon, Co. Clare Ireland October 20, 2005

Date of issue

**Engineering Manager** 

Title

February 27, 2017

Date of revision



Revision Level: F



### WARREN RUPP, INC.

## **EC / EU Declaration of Conformity**

The objective of the declaration described is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation: Directive 94/9/EC (until April 19, 2016) and Directive 2014/34/EU (from April 20, 2016).

Manufacturer:

Warren Rupp, Inc. A Unit of IDEX Corportion 800 North Main Street, P.O. Box 1568 Mansfield, OH 44902 USA

**Applicable Standard:** Harmonised Standard:

EN13463-1: 2001 EN13463-1: 2009 EN13463-5: 2003 EN13463-5: 2011 EN60079-25: 2004 EN60079-25:2010

The harmonised standards have been compared to the applicable standards used for certification purposes and no changes in the state of the art technical knowledge apply to the listed equipment.

### **AODD Pumps and Surge Suppressors**

Technical File No.: 203104000-1410/MER

### **AODD (Air-Operated Double Diaphragm) Pumps**

EC Type Examination Certificate No. Pumps: KEMA 09ATEX0071 X

DEKRA Certification B.V. (0344) Meander 1051 6825 MJ Arnhem The Netherlands

### **Hazardous Locations Applied:**

 I M1 c
 II 1 G c T5

 II 2 G Ex ia c IIC T5
 II 1 D c T100°C

 II 2 D Ex c iaD 20 IP67 T100°C
 II 2 G c T5

 II 2 G Eex m c II T5
 II 2 D c T100°C

II 2 D c IP65 T100°C



Tranquilizer®



DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE: 18 March 2016

David Roseberry, Director of Engineering